

## Free English Grammar \* Gramática Inglesa Gratis

## 1. 'Forma Interrogativa' y 'Forma Negativa' de los verbos.

**to be** = *ser - estar*

Forma Afirmativa	Luca <b>is</b> a good student.
Forma Interrogativa	<b>Is</b> Luca a good student?
Forma Negativa	Luca <b>is not</b> ( <b>isn't</b> ) a good student.

**to have** = *tener*

Forma Afirmativa	Jack <b>has</b> black hair.
Forma Interrogativa	<b>Has</b> Jack black hair?
Forma Negativa	Jack <b>has not</b> ( <b>hasn't</b> ) black hair.

**can** = *puedo; sé (hacer una cosa)*

Forma Afirmativa	Jane <b>can</b> speak French.
Forma Interrogativa	<b>Can</b> Jane speak French?
Forma Negativa	Jane <b>cannot</b> ( <b>can't</b> ) speak French.

**must** = *debo, tengo que*

Forma Afirmativa	Abel <b>must</b> get up early every day.
Forma Interrogativa	<b>Must</b> Abel get up early every day?
Forma Negativa	He <b>must not</b> ( <b>mustn't</b> ) waste time watching TV.

*Was - were - could - will - would - should - may - might  
siguen las mismas reglas.*

**Observa**

a. En la forma interrogativa el verbo **precede** al sujeto.

**Is** Luca...? **Has** Jack...? **Can** Jane...? **Must** Abel...?

b. A la forma negativa se le añade '**not**' al verbo.

Luca **is not**... Jack **has not**... Jane **cannot**... Abel **must not**...

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## 2. 'Forma Interrogativa' y 'Forma Negativa' de los verbos.

**to do** = hacer

## Present Simple

I	<b>do</b>	= yo hago	we	<b>do</b>
you	<b>do</b>	= tú haces	you	<b>do</b>
he	<b>does</b>	= él hace etc.	they	<b>do</b>

En la página precedente hemos visto como se obtiene la forma interrogativa y la forma negativa de: **to be** - **to have** - **can** - **must** - **was** - **were** - **could** - **will** - **would** - **should** - **may** - **might**.

Con los otros verbos no se puede decir:

> **Speak** you French? He ~~speaks not~~ French.

Se tiene que decir:

> **Do** you **speak** French?  
(lit. ¿Haces tú hablar francés?) - ¿Hablas francés?He **does not speak** French. = (lit. Él no habla francés.)

Con "do" y "does" "don't" y "doesn't" se obtiene la forma interrogativa y la forma negativa del "present simple".

## Forma Interrogativa

<b>Do</b>	I	Speak?
<b>Do</b>	you	Speak?
<b>Does</b>	he	Speak?
<b>Do</b>	we	Speak?
<b>Do</b>	you	Speak?
<b>Do</b>	they	Speak?

## Forma Negativa

I	<b>do not</b>	Speak
you	<b>do not</b>	Speak
he	<b>does not</b>	Speak
we	<b>do not</b>	Speak
you	<b>do not</b>	Speak
they	<b>do not</b>	Speak

## Forma Contracta

I	<b>don't</b>	Speak
you	<b>don't</b>	Speak
he	<b>doesn't</b>	Speak
we	<b>don't</b>	Speak
you	<b>don't</b>	Speak
they	<b>don't</b>	Speak

## Free English Grammar \* Gramática Inglesa Gratis

## 3. 'Forma Interrogativa' y 'Forma Negativa' de los verbos

to do = hacer

## Past Simple

I did = yo hice  
 you did = tú hiciste  
 he did = él hizo etc.  
 we did  
 you did  
 they did

Con "did" y "didn't" se obtiene la forma interrogativa y la forma negativa del "past simple".

## Forma Interrogativa

Did	I	like?
Did	you	like?
Did	he	like?
Did	we	like?
Did	you	like?
Did	they	like?

## Forma Negativa

I	did	not	like
you	did	not	like
he	did	not	like
we	did	not	like
you	did	not	like
they	did	not	like

## Forma Contracta

I	didn't	like
you	didn't	like
he	didn't	like
we	didn't	like
you	didn't	like
they	didn't	like

- > Did you like the movie "Titanic"?  
 (¿Te gustó la película "Titanic"?)